

Decade of Ovailability Romans 4:1-24 Faith & Righteousness

Paul used Abraham and David to teach salvation by faith.

->Abraham 4:1-4; 9-25 The Friend of God James 2:23 says of Abraham, "And he was called the friend of God."

1. Boasting or Believing — Choosing God

a. Boasting: *vv. 1-2* It's natural to be boastful regarding accomplishments such as a graduations, new job, new grandkids. Is our boast as a believer in what God has done or what I have done?

Paul's point is that Abraham did not 'boast' about 'righteousness' because he knew it was from God.

b. Believing: *v. 3* The nature of faith 'belief' is detailed in *vv. 20-21*.

Did not waver: Meaning Abraham did not entertain unbelief. To 'waver' is to go back and forth between two views.

Strengthened: You shift responsibility to God—it's not dependent on you.

Fully convinced: What are we 'convinced' of? Abraham was convinced that God would do what He said He would do.

- **2.** <u>Getting or Giving</u> Declared Right Eleven times the Greek word 'logidzomahe' is used in this passage—account, count, impute, reckon.
- **a. Getting/Work**: *vv.* 4-5 Paul uses 'getting' or working for wages as an example of earning something for services rendered—a debt you are owed. Hence, salvation by works—what is done.
- **b.** Giving/Grace: v. 16 God's unmerited favor. Rom 5:12-19 explains how all of mankind inherited a sin nature and in vs. 19 "For as by one man's disobedience many were made sinners, so also by one Man's obedience many will be made righteous."

"Us who believe...": vs. 24 makes it clear that salvation by faith without works involves faith in the full work of Christ including the resurrection.

- —> **David** 4:5-8 <u>A Man After God's Own Heart</u>
 Acts 13:22-23 gives God's view of David, 'I have found David the son of Jesse, a man after My own heart, who will do all My will.'
- **1.** <u>Blessing of grace</u>: The blessing of grace is that the engraced person's sins are forgiven.

God will not reckon our sins against us; He will not enter them into our own personal accounts as debts for which we must render payment to God in the form of eternal punishment in hell.

Are You Fully Convinced?

- 1 What then shall we say that Abraham our father has found according to the flesh? 2 For if Abraham was justified by works, he has something to boast about, but not before God. 3 For what does the Scripture say? "Abraham believed God, and it was accounted to him for righteousness." 4 Now to him who works, the wages are not counted as grace but as debt. 5 But to him who does not work but believes on Him who justifies the ungodly, his faith is accounted for righteousness,
- 6 just as David also describes the blessedness of the man to whom God <u>imputes</u> righteousness apart from works: 7 "Blessed are those whose lawless deeds are forgiven, And whose sins are covered; 8 Blessed is the man to whom the LORD shall not <u>impute</u> sin."
- 9 Does this blessedness then come upon the circumcised only, or upon the uncircumcised also? For we say that faith was <u>accounted</u> to Abraham for righteousness.

 10 How then was it <u>accounted</u>? While he was circumcised, or uncircumcised? Not while circumcised, but while uncircumcised. 11 And he received the sign of circumcision, a seal of the righteousness of the faith which he had while still uncircumcised, that he might be the father of all those who believe, though they are uncircumcised, that righteousness might be <u>imputed</u> to them also, 12 and the father of circumcision to those who not only are of the circumcision, but who also walk in the steps of the faith which our father Abraham had while still uncircumcised.
- 13 For the promise that he would be the heir of the world was not to Abraham or to his seed through the law, but through the <u>righteousness of faith</u>. 14 For if those who are of the law are heirs, faith is made void and the promise made of no effect, 15 because the law brings about wrath; for where there is no law there is no transgression.
- 16 Therefore it is of faith that it might be according to grace, so that the promise might be sure to all the seed, not only to those who are of the law, but also to those who are of the faith of Abraham, who is the father of us all 17 (as it is written, "I have made you a father of many nations") in the presence of Him whom he believed—God, who gives life to the dead and calls those things which do not exist as though they did; 18 who, contrary to hope, in hope believed, so that he became the father of many nations, according to what was spoken, "So shall your descendants be." 19 And not being weak in faith, he did not consider his own body, already dead (since he was about a hundred years old), and the deadness of Sarah's womb.
- **20** He did not **waver** at the promise of God through unbelief, but was **strengthened** in faith, giving glory to God, **21** and being **fully convinced** that what He had promised He was also able to perform. **22** And therefore "it was **accounted** to him for righteousness."
- **23** Now it was not written for his sake alone that it was **imputed** to him, **24** but also for us. It shall be **imputed** to us who believe in Him who raised up Jesus our Lord from the dead, **25** who was delivered up because of our offenses, and was raised because of our justification.